

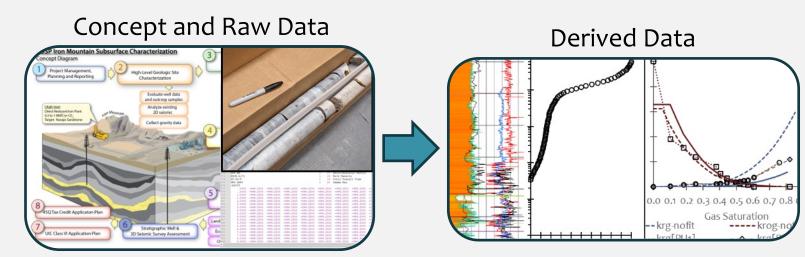


Science, Modeling & Better Policy

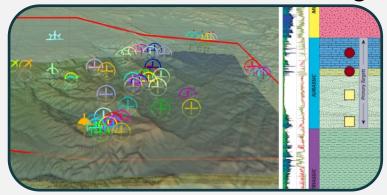
Dr. Nathan Moodie & Rob Simmons

Concept to Execution

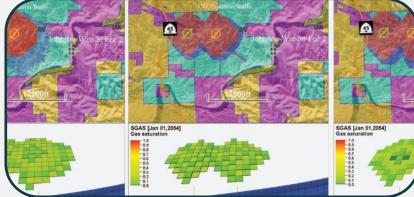
Modeling is integral at almost every step

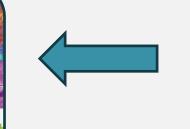


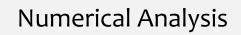
Characterization and Modeling

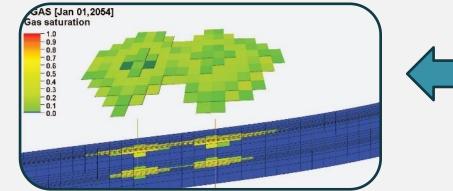


Data Presentation for Informed Decision Making





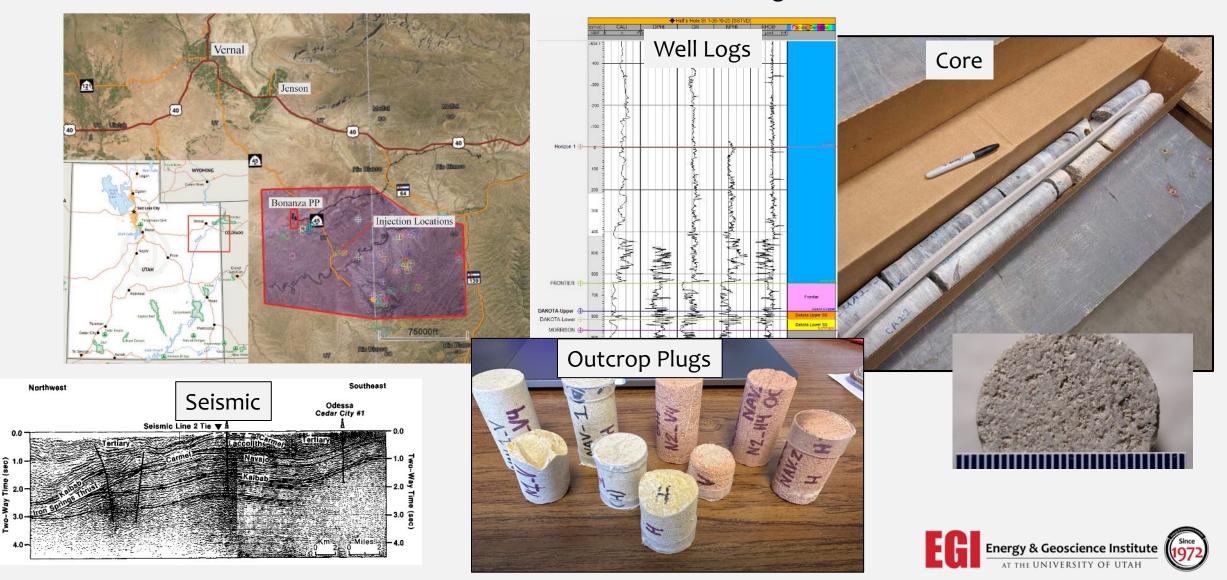






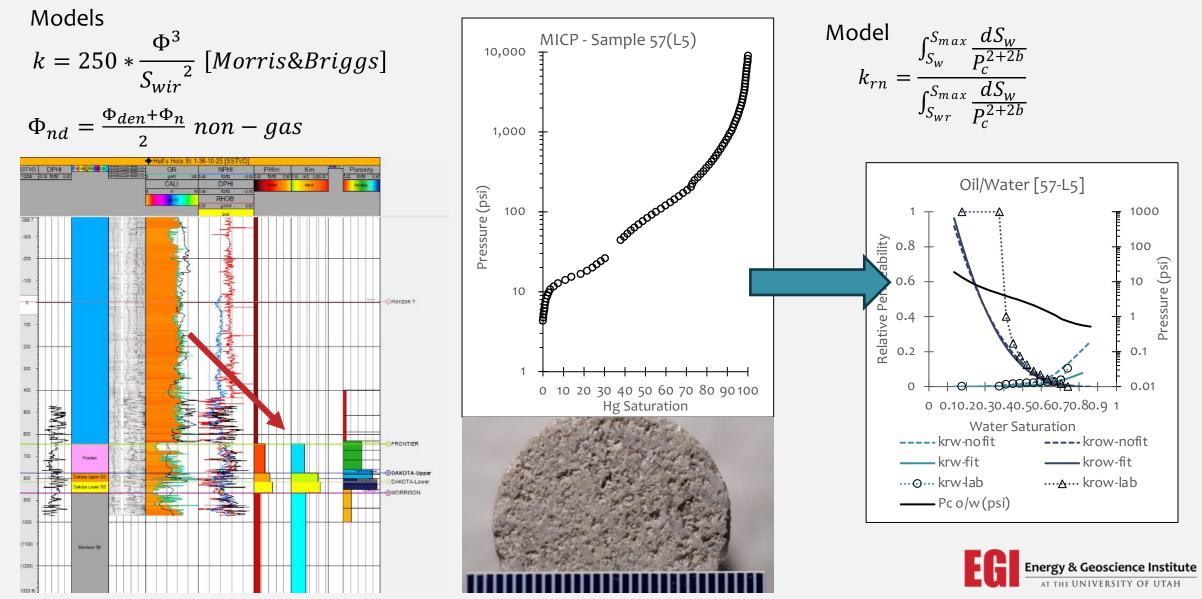
Concept > Raw/Existing Data > Sample Collection

Area of Interest and Data Gathering



Derived Data & Laboratory Analysis

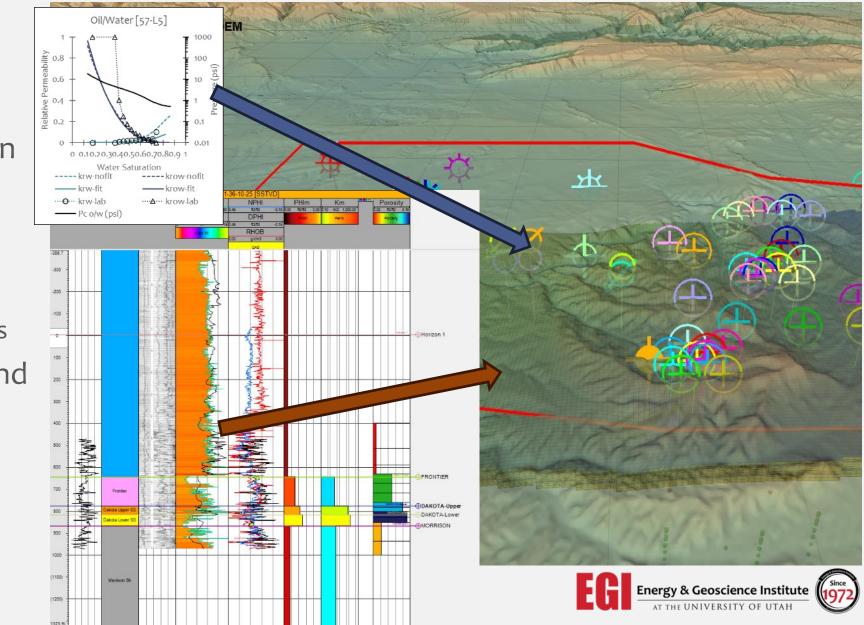
Models inform models



Characterization and Modeling

Data synthesis for site assessment

- Geologic characterization
 - Identify faults and other conductive pathways
 - Identify potential targets
 - Explore regional geologic properties and correlations
- Understand data gaps and uncertainty
- Plan simulation suite to address project/policy goals



Numerical Analysis/Computation Simulation

Numerical analysis to test plausible scenarios and address risk and uncertainty

Numerical Analysis and Simulation

Legend

SITLA Land

Private Land

BLM Land

CO2 plume end injection

SGAS [Jan 01,2054]

Gas saturation

- 1.0 - 0.9 - 0.8 - 0.7 - 0.6

-0.5

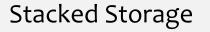
-0.4

0.3

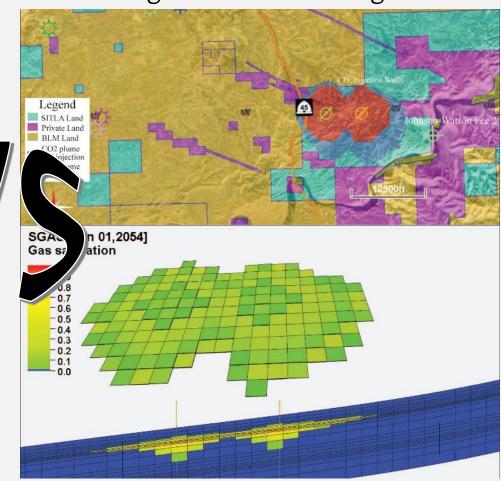
-0.2

 CO2 plume end PISC

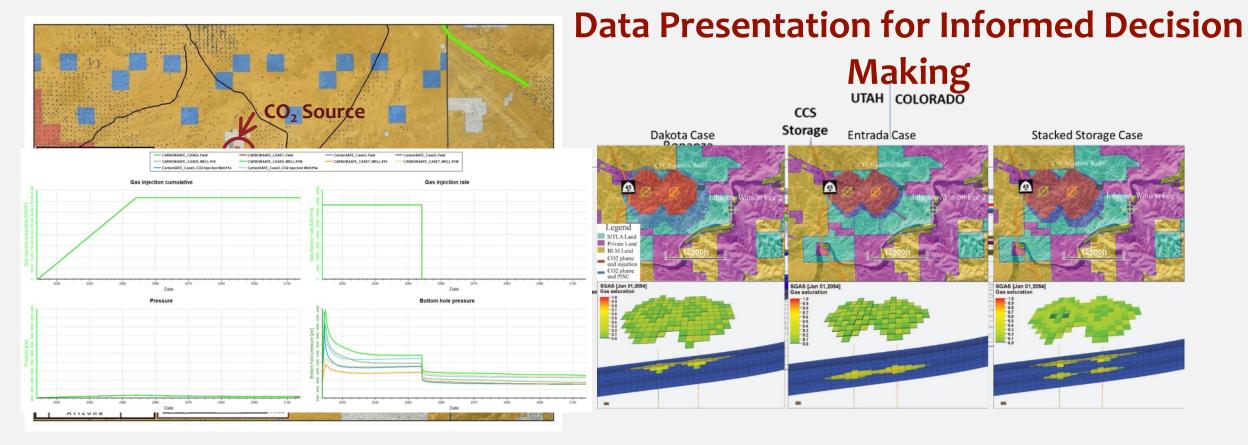
- Site suitability
- Storage capacity and security
- Scenario analysis
- Risk identification and quantification

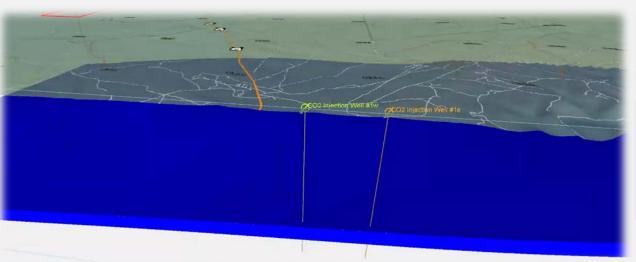


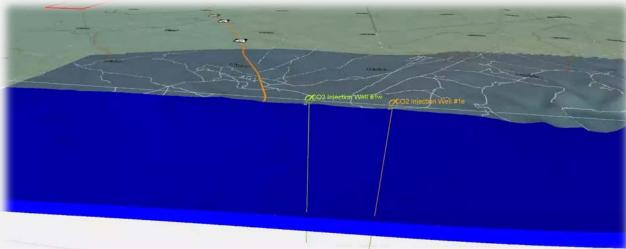
Single Formation Storage







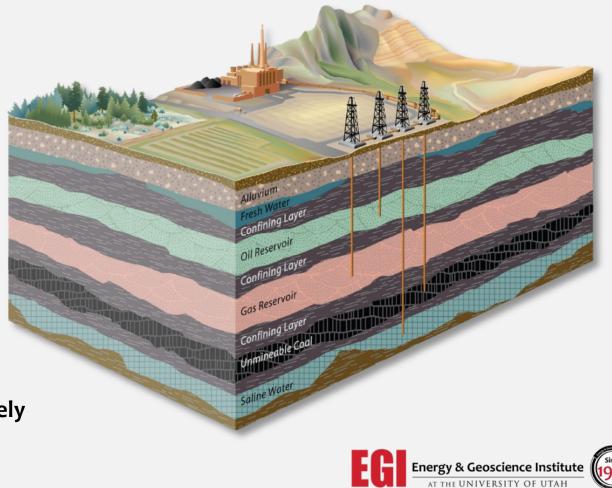




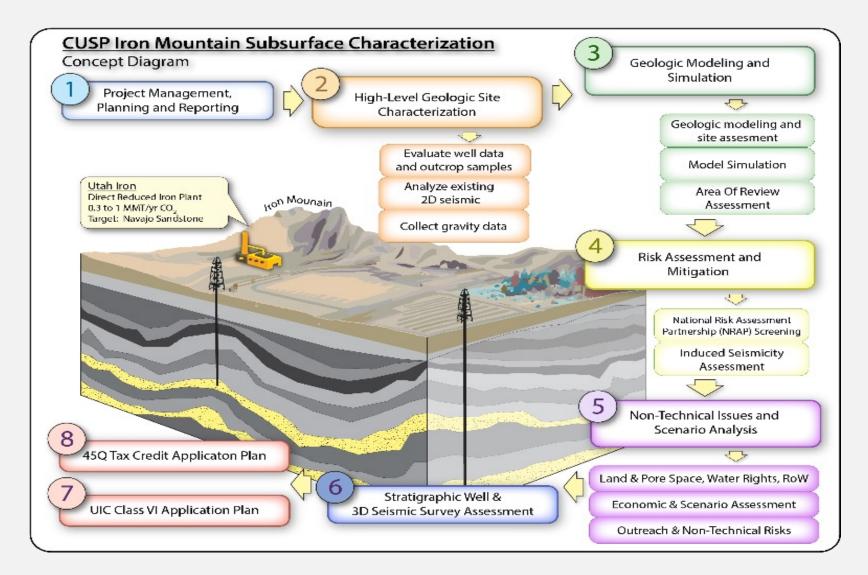
CCS & Global Policy Goals

- The United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change & the International Energy Agency support CCS as a crucial low-carbon technology needed to achieve societal climate goals
- CCS can reduce emissions at scale from critical Industrial sectors, including cement, steel and fertilizer manufacturing, as well as power generation
- Paris Climate Change Agreement commits to Reducing green-house gases by 45% by 2030 & Net zero by 2050

 Of the roughly 40 billion metric tons of CO2 emitted globally last year, the U.S. was responsible for approximately 5 billion metric tons



CCS Projects are Complex & Expensive





CCS Policy Carrots & Sticks

- EGI leader in the Carbon
 Utilization and Storage
 Partnership (CUSP)
- Jumpstart 45Q ready projects in the Western US
 - 45Q provides tax credits for geologic storage of Carbon Oxides (CO2)
 \$60/tonne of CO2 stored in EOR projects
 \$85/tonne of CO2 stored in other formations such as saline aquifers
- The U.S. Environmental

Protection Agency has proposed a new rule that would require most fossil-fuel power plants to install CCS technology by 2035

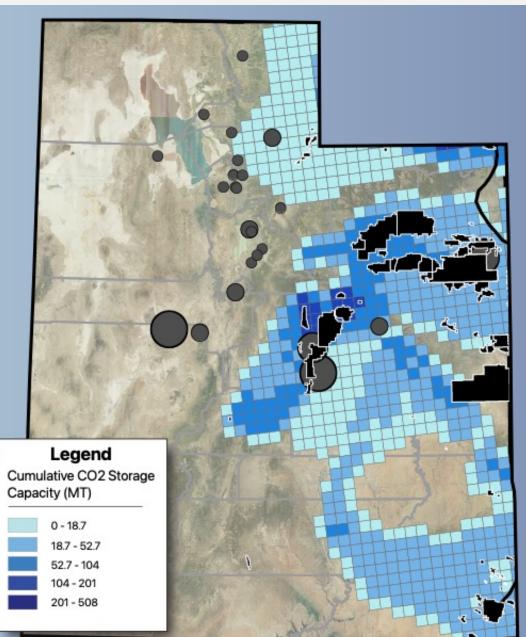




Utah Carbon Sequestration Opportunities

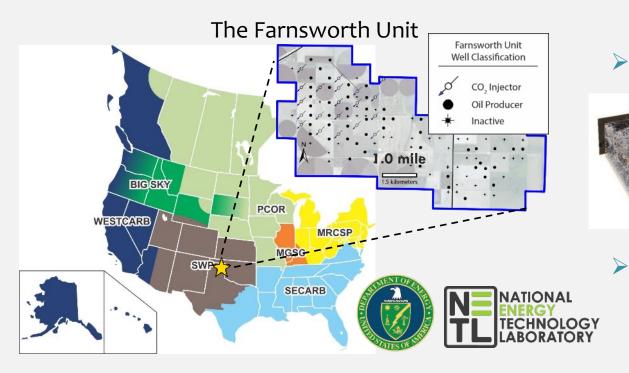
Commercialization of Carbon Storage in Utah and beyond

- Significant storage capacity
 - Enhanced Oil & Gas Recovery
 - Saline Aquifers Storage hub(s)
- Industry is ready to take advantage of 45Q Iron, Cement, Fertilizer Manufacturing
 - EGI provides technical and policy expertise for acquiring 45Q tax credits
- Working with oil & gas companies on potential of CO2 sequestration beneath operating oil & gas fields
- Targeting injection sites beneath Utah School and Institutional Trust Lands benefiting Utah Schools



Reducing Technical & Policy Risks

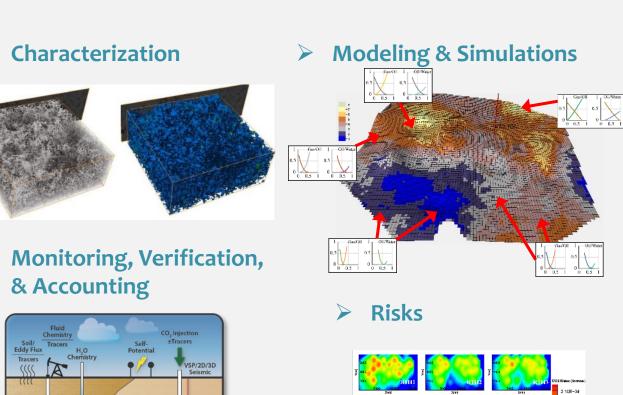


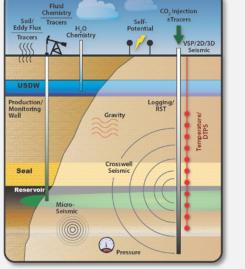


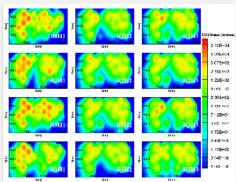
EGI's Carbon Science Initiative has been addressing CCS technical issues for over 2 decades

Achievements:

- One million tons CO₂ storage
- Optimization of storage monitoring and risk assessment
- High resolution quantification of uncertainty
- Blueprint for CCUS in southwestern U.S.









Complex CCS Regulatory Landscape



- Federal Laws Regulating Air Quality, Water Quality & Environmental Impact
 - Clean Air Act
 - Safe Drinking Water Act
 - National Environmental Protection Act
 - Environmental Impact Statement
 - Environmental Assessment
 - Endangered Species Act
 - Energy Policy Act of 2020
 - Administered by federal agencies unless permission granted for state or tribal agencies to regulate



H.B. 244 Geological Carbon Sequestration

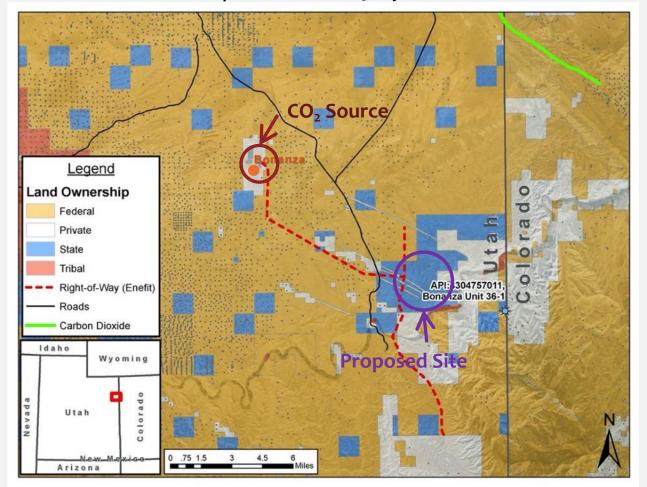
Passed During the 2022 Utah Legislative Session

- Sponsored by Representative Steve Handy
- Sponsored in the Senate by Senator David Hinkins
- Provides a policy pathway for Utah Division of Oil, Gas & Mining to establish a permitting program for commercial geologic carbon sequestration projects
 - Safe Drinking Water Act Underground Sources of Drinking Water
 - EPA Underground Injection Control Program Class VI Well
- Addresses liability, ownership and other critical legal issues

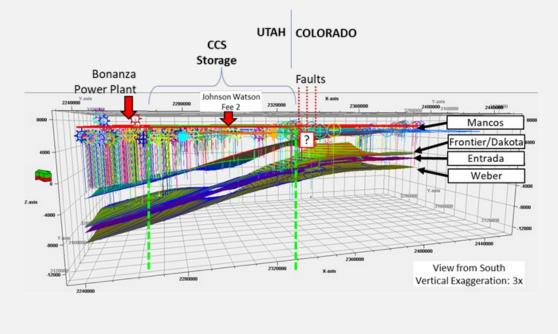
Uinta Basin CarbonSAFE Phase II

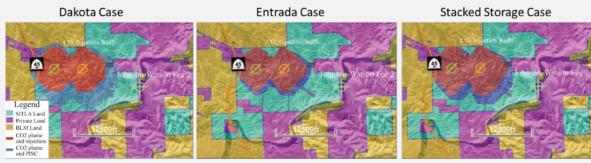
Primary Objective:

 To establish the feasibility of a commercial-scale CO₂ geological storage complex to sequester 50 million metric tons of captured CO₂ in 30 years.



Modeling Better Technical and Policy Solutions











<u>ContactEGI@egi.Utah.edu</u> | egi.utah.edu